providing for ascertaining the cost of the proposed inprovements was concurred in.

Mr. ANTHONY (Rep., R. L.) presented a communication from the Governor of Rhoue Island. He said "that
in conjunction with his colleagues representing that State
in Congress, he had been charged with the honorable
duty of presenting to Congress, in the name of the people
of that State, a marble statue of Nathaniel Greene. This
statue had been placed in the old hall of the House of
Representatives, in pursuance of an act of Congress setting apart that chamber as a receptacle for the statues of
distinguished Americans now deceased—two from each
State." He culogized the character and services of Gen.
Greene, and commended at length upon the stirring times

distinguished Americans now deceased—two from each State." He enlogized the character and services of Gen. Greene, and commented at length upon the stirring times in which he lived and took active part, and their influence upon the history of the country.

Mr. SUMNER (Rep., Mass.) submitted resolutions accepting the statue, returning thanks to the Governor of Rhede Island, and through him to the people of the State for the heautiful work of art, and assigning the statue a piace in the galtery of the old hall of the House. He said that among the Generals of the Revolution Greene was next after Washington, and his military genius, which was of no common order, had been frequently exhibited. This national recognition of his patriotism and fidelity to the cause of Eherty was embeatly appropriate.

Mr. SAWYER (Rep., S. C.) reviewed the military history of Gen. Greene, his remarkable personal character, and the story of his sufferings, defeats, and great achievements in the War of the Revolution, all of which he believed wend be fifty symbolized in the beautiful statue of the noble patriot. The General's greatest triumphs had been achieved in South Carolina, which fact had been officially recognized by the Legislature of that State, and he has now, in behalf of South Carolina, added his humble tribute of respect to his memory.

Mr. MORBIEL (Rep., V.) also addressed the Senate on the same subject; after which the concurrent resolutions submitted by Mr. Sumner were adopted.

The following bills were introduced and referred:

THE ENCROCHMENTS OF SEW-JEREY.

CASSERLY (Dem., Cal.)-To promote the disposi-

Mr. CONKLING (Rep., N. Y.), from the Committee on Revision of Laws, reported the House Census bill, with an amendment in the nature of a substitute, as follows: In it contend, its. That the Secretary of the Interior be instructed so to charge the schedule and binals to be used in connecrating the inhabite

A POSTAL-TELEGRAPH.

A POSTAL-TELEGRAPH.

A POSTAL-TELEGRAPH.

Mr. RAMSEY (Rep., Minn.) introduced a bill to establish a postal telegraph system, and to incorporate the Juited States Postal Telegraph Company.

It authorizes the Postamater-General to establish telegraph offices in somection with pest offices, in every city and village where telegraph attaines are now insitiatized, and such other places on the like after elegraph, or the basiness of the company may require; to pravide for he receding of messages at every postal telegraph office, sub-office, and the state of the state o

, except in pure person on account of race, control ice as juror, any person on account of race, continue condition of servitade. The amendment was given a condition of servitade.

mot agreed to.

Mr. BRAKE (Rep., Mo.) renewed the amendment pre-viously aftered by him admitting Virginia to representa-tion in Congress on the following fundamental condi-

fin: That the Sante Constitutions hall never be changed to deprive any

sendence of the waters.

Mr. DRAKE said this fundamental condition had been required of all the other reconstructed States, and in view the proposed attempt, which he believed to be in the programme of the Demogracy, to observe in the Fifteenth mme of the Demogracy, to o erturn the Fifteenth iment by the aid of the Courts and another departnt of the diovernment, it was necessary as a means of gring the protection of the black race in Virginia and

securing the protection of the black race in Virginia and the other late rebellions States.

Mr. HAELAN (Rep., Iowa) supported the amendment in along speech, principally because of its necessity as a measure of peotection for the loyal people of Virginia.

Further dekate upon the question of the validity of an alleged compact between the United States and a State prior to the admission of the State, was participated in by Mesers, McUTEN (Rep., Ind.). DAVIS (Dem., Ky.).

THURMAN (Dem., Ohio, and HARLAN (Rep., Icwa).

Mr., HOWARD (Bep., Mich.) forwarded to the Clerk, and had read, a telegrate from a citizen of Atlanta, Georgia, whose name he bedused to divulge, for prodential reasons, setting; orth that a conspiracy was in progress in the

where time he believed to diving, for principlal reasons, setting forth that a conspiracy was in progress in the Legislature of Georgia, as a means of getting the State into the Union, and afterward defying the laws of Congress. Members of the Legislature were known to have taken the each prescribed by Congress as a test of their eligibility, when they were entirely unable to take it with-

out perjury Several Senators magnified theorem of the author of the Mr. HOW & RD reproductable the knew the author to be a

Mr. HOW4 RD replied that he knew the author to be a gentleman of interline-nec, and in every way trustworthy, one who had resided several years in Georgia; but he declined to give his hanne, as its publication would expose his correspondent to personal daager.

A monon togolourn by Mr. Cameron (Rep., Penn.,) was defeated by Yess, 28, Nays 28.

Messrs. CONALING, HOWE (Rep., Wis.) and CAS-GERLY (Pen., Cal.) discussed the legal question involved in the exercise of jurisdiation over States not yet admitted to the Union.

in the exercise of jurisdiction over States not yet admitted to the Union.

Mr. HANLIN (kep., Me.) snoved to adjourn to allow the members of the Senate Committee on the Sestrict of Committee of the Senate Committee on the Sestrict of Committee of the Senate Committee on the Sestrict of Committee of the Senate Committee on the Sestrict of Committee of the Senate of Committee of the Senators of Some of the Senators by Sorting a vote of this time upon the peoposition he had somittee. He charged that the Senators bearing charge of this bill had gone around to the friends of the measure and induced them to remain, while the opponents of the bill had left the Chargeber in ignorance of the condition of affairs.

Several Senators remarked that absentees would return before a vote could be had upon the bill.

Mr. Wilseon (Eqs., Mass.) moved to adjourn, and said if the motion was kereed to be would agree that a vote should be taken to enorrow (Friday) at a oclock.

Messrs Howard (Rep., Flich.) and POMEROY (Rep., Kamas) expressed acquiescence in the proposition.

Mr. TRUMSULL (Exp., Ill.) desired to have a specific

Messys Howard to horrow propagate and Pomeroy (Rep., Kanas) expressed acquiescence in the proposition.

Mr. TRUMBULL (Rep., High, desired to have a specific agreement, if any was to be sande, and charged that in violating the arrangement which was made on the proceeding Friday that a wote on Virginia should be taken on the folk wing Monday, some Senators had acted in bad faith and with after disserand of their obligations.

Mr. EBMUNDS (Rep., VI.) and the agreement was to wote upon a particular that at a particular time, but when the time arrived the bill had been substituted by another, and was no longer before the Senate.

A discussion of a convarsational character ensued, during which various renseats were assigned for the failure to abide by the previous arrangement. The motion of Mr. Wilson was then rejected by Yeas, 22 Nays, 35. Finally it was informally agreed, and the agreement atted faily and distinctly by the Chair, that the subject would be finally distinctly by the Chair, that the subject would be finally distinctly by the Chair, that the subject would be finally distinctly by the Chair, that the subject would be finally distinctly by the Chair, that the subject would be finally and distinctly by the Chair, that the subject would be finally and distinctly by the Chair, that the subject would be finally and distinctly by the Chair, that the subject would be finally and distinctly by the Chair, that the subject would be finally and distinctly by the Chair, that the subject would be finely by the Chair, that the subject would be finely by the Chair.

were not mailed at the place where the Senator or Member is residing. The resolution was adopted.

Mr. MAYHAM (Dem., N. Y.) offered a resolution of inquiry as to the creetion of a suitable building in Albany, N. Y., for U. S. Courts, Post-Office, Internal Revenue, etc. Adonted.

Adopted.

Mr. SMITH (Dem., Oregon) introduced a bill to extend
the provisions of the act for a railway from the Central
Pacific Ratiway in California to Portland, Oregon. Referred.

ferred.

ABSORBING FOREIGN TERRITORY.

Mr. LOUGHRIDGE (Rep., Iowa) offered a preamble and resolutions declaring the absence of constitutional authority in the treaty making power to absorb foreign territory until the consent of the House is given to it. Referred.

Mr. WOOD (Dem., N. Y.) offered a resolution declaratory of the right of the House to consider the propriety and expediency of the appropriation of public money for any purpose whatever, and that the treaty making power cannot anticipate the action of the House in any case where legislation is required to execute it. Beferred.

THE TAX ON FARMERS.

casnot anticipate the action of the flow where legislation is required to execute it. Beferred.

THE TAX ON FARMERS.

Mr. MOORE (Rep., N. J.) offered a resolution of inquiry as to the relief of farmers from tax as produce brokers. Referred.

Mr. CLARKE (Rep., Kansas) introduced a hill for a grant of isnds to the Janction City, Solomon Valley and Denver City Railroad Company. Referred.

A PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

Mr. KELLEY (Rep., Pa.), rising to a personal explanation, had read a paragraph from The St. Louis Democratinity into the was largely interested in iron-works, and he remarked that he had discovered the other day how this and similar misrepresentations had been made. They arose from the fact that the proprietors of the iron-works at Bellefoniane, Onlo, were W. E. Kelley & Sons, but he did not know his namesakes, and was net interested in pig-iron or any other manufacture, and did not own a dollar of stock in any mining or manufacturing industry.

ested in pig-iron or any other manufacture, and did not own a dollar of stock in any mining or manufacturing industry.

Mr. HOOPER (Rep., Utah) presented a memorial of 22,000 citizens of Utah, praying admission as a State into the Union. Referred.

The House then resumed in the merning hour the consideration of the bill for the transfer of the Philadelphia Navy-Yard to League Island.

Mr. SCOFIELD (Rep., Pa.), Chairman of the Committee on Navai Affairs, who reported the bill assured the House that he would have said nothing on the subject of the bill had it not been for the very extraordinary speech made by the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Dawes) the other day. It seemed to bim as if that gentleman had made up his mind that the bill must be defeated, without regard to its merits er demerits. He described the circumstances attending the making of that speech; how the confieman from Ohio (Kr. Garnield) had solemily asked the attention of the Heuse to it, reminding bim of the "Hear ye, hear ye" of a court crier, and how the gentleman from Wisconsin (Mr. Washburne) took his seat beside Mr. Dawes to give him andience. It was a picture for a painter. All this was prepared in advance; this raising a tempest to drewn a fly. In this connection he alluded to the apprepriation of \$4,000 made the other day to enable, as he put it, the gentleman from Ohio to entertain some festive bankers of New-York, and to the circumstance of the gentleman from Wisconsin having recently got through an appropriation of \$4,000 for the Des Monnes Rapids, not estimated for by any of those "unworthy Departments." It had forced itself upon his conviction, almost, that which had been repeatedly toid him, that "the gentleman from Massachusetts had a little balance to settle with the Republican members of Pennsylvania."

Mr. DAWES (Rep., Mass.)—Will the gentleman be kind. theman from Massachusers of Penusylvania."

With the Republican members of Penusylvania."

Mr. DAWES (Rep., Mass.)—Will the gentleman be kind
enough to state explicitly just what he means by the last

Mr. SCOFIELD—The gentleman bimself knows, i sub-pose; because (in a jesting way) I have told him what had been suggested; but if he maists on my stating it here, I will say that it has been hinted to me that the gentleman from Massachusetts was not altogether satis-fied because the Republican members from Fennsylva-nia, in the organization of the House, had preferred a nia, in the erganization of the House, had preferred a gentleman who they thought could sometimes find mode of signatizing his friendship other than by the infliction

Mr. DAWES—Does the gentieman intent or implice as such motive as that to me in what I have done here on this floor! I ask the gentleman to answer me frankly and fairly here on this record. Does he intend to impute to me any such motive in anything I have done here? Mr. SCOFIELD—When the gentleman was making that extraordinary speech about everything but the bill, I begged, and so did my colleagues, for a word of explanation, and it was declined. I will answer the gentleman's

t me have the floor.

Mr. DAWES-If the gentleman would do me the favor

Mr. DAWES—If the gentleman would do me the favor to cease his inmendos and to answer explicitly my interrogatory, whether he does, here in this place, as a member of the House, impute to me any such motive, he will do me a favor and will do me justice.

Mr. SCOFIELD—If the gentleman from Massachusetts will he less nervous and will listen to what I have to say he will understand exactly my meaning. I have already said that although I cannot believe that the gentleman from Massachusetts was actuated by any resentment, when I saw all this preparation and when I saw that he roamed over the whole Government to find something obnoxious, and that when he had at last awakened the indignation of the House against everything that could be criticised in all the Departments; and when I saw him gather up his hostility and hurl it at the bill, which only proposed to remove an old Navy-Vard to a new one.

nim gather up his hostility and hurl it at the buil, which only proposed to remove an old Navy-Yard to a new one, the conviction, I say, was almost foreed upon my mind that perhaps the insimilation might have some foundation, and that is all I was saying.

Mr. SCOFIELD then proceeded to review those portions of Mr. Dawes's speech criticising the economical notions of the Secretary of the Navy and the Postmaster General, remarking that when he had plunged the knife of his wit into those officers he turned round and whispered. "Faithful are the wounds of a friend."

Mr. FAIRNSWORTH (Rep., Ill.), in that connection, referred to the papers to show that the error of seven millions in the Post-Office estimates, alluded to by Mr. Dawes, had not been made in the Post-Office Department, and that that fact had been made known to the Committee on Appropriations some time arg.

Mr. SCOFFIELD (continuing his review of Mr. Dawes's speech), said that the Attorney-General, who was the exception to the gentleman's attack, might have, in response to the saying, "Faithful are the wounds of a friend," turned around, and murmured: "Deceiful are the kisses of an enemy."

Mr. DAWES sand: "The insinuation of the gentleman from Pennsylvanna, on which he based his speech, and which I failed to induce him either to put in plain English or to say distinctly that he indorsed, if it had any meaning at all, is equally an insult to the Speaker of the House, to the Pennsylvania Legislature, and to myself, and has no justification, as you, Mr. Speaker, know, in any particular fact, or in the course of my conduct here in the fourteen years that I have occupied a seat in this Honse, and is unworthy of a gentleman."

Mr. GARFFIELD (Rep., Ohio) said he was sorry that he

in the fourteen years that I have occupied a seat in this House, and is noworthy of a gentleman."

Mr. GARFIELD (Rep., John) said he was sorry that he had not been in the hall when the gentleman from Pennsylvania aliuded to him. He denied that when he asked to have order restored, that the House might hear Mr. Dawes speak, he knew what the subject of the speech was to be. As to his drawing \$0.00 for interviewing certain New-York brokers, the statement was too gross to be permitted on the records of the House, Any manimation that the Committee on Banking and Currency asked or obtained money for itself, or that it was expended in 'interviewing' brokers, as if it was a party to any scheme of brokers, was unworthy the House, unworthy the gentleman, and an outrageous wrong to every man who believed in investigating frands.

Mr. SCOFIELD said that if the gentleman had heard what he said, and the manner in which he had said it, it would probably have saved him some little excitement.

Mr. GARFIELD—'No excitement at all, but records are records."

are records."
Mr. SCOFIELD disclaimed any intention to reflect on ntleman from Ohio.

morning hour expired at 1:40, and the bill went

The morning hour expired at 1:40, and the bill went over until the morning hour of Tuesday next.

The MILITARY ACADEMY BILL.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Myers in the chair, and resumed the consideration of the Minitary Academy bill.

Mr. SCHENCK (Rep., Ohio) offered an amendment, which was agreed to, which adds to the Board of Visitors two-senators and three Representatives. The bill was then reported to the House and passed.

which was agreed to, which adds to the Board of Visitors two senators and three Representatives. The bill was then reported to the House and passed.

COMMISSIONER WELLS'S REPORT.

Mr. LAFLLIN (Rep., N. Y.), from the Committee on Princing, reported a resolution for the printing of extra copies of the report of the Special Commissioner of the Revenue, 2,000 for the Senate, 12,000 for the House, 1,000 for the Treasury Department. In reporting the resolution, Mr. Lafin said that he would not now enter on the general discussion of tariff and free trade; and this resolution did not by any means commit the committee to either an approval or disapproval of the statements and concusions of the report. The committee simply recognized the fact that it was a report from a regular established officer of the Government, and that therefore it should be printed as it had been for the last three or four years.

An animated discussion arose on the resolution, in which the questions of tariff and free trade were debated with considerable vehemence, the printing of the report being opposed by Messrs. CAKE (Rep., Penn.), DICKEY (Rep., Fenn.), MAYNARD (Rep., Tenn.), MCARTHY (Rep., N. Y.), and ARNELL (Rep., Tenn.), and favored by Mr. BEOOKS (Dem., N. Y.). Finally, Mr. ARNELL moved to Juy the resolution on the table, and called for the Yeas and Nays. The House refused to lay the resolution on the table, and called of the Yeas and Nays. The House refused to lay the resolution on the table, provided the provides of the Report was further advocated by Messrs. MUNGEN (Dem., Ohio), PANDALL (Dem., Penn.), COOK (Rep., III.), HAYIN having an hour to close the debate, yielded portions of that time, five minutes to half an hour, to rembers on both sides of the question. The printing of the report was further advocated by Messrs. MUNGEN (Dem., Ohio), PANDALL (Dem., Penn.), COOK (Rep., III.), PATERS (Rep., Me.), LOGAN (Rep., III.), ARTIELD (Rep., Ohio), MARTIELD (Rep., Ohio), Martie Rep., III.), ARTIELD (Rep., Ohio), Martie Penn. Martie Rep., III

not prevail.

Mr. KELLEY (Rep., Fa.) argued against printing the report on the ground of its erroneous statements and

Mr. EDMUNIS (Rep., VI.) said the agreement was to work upon a particular time, but when the time arrived the bill 2nd been substituted by another, and was go longer before the Senate.

A discussion of a convarsational character ensued, during which varies a reasons were assigned for the fail ure to abled by the previous arrangement. The motion of Mr. Wilson was then rejected by Yeas, 22 Nays, 25. Finally it was informally agreed, and the agreement attended in the fail ure to able by the previous arrangement. The motion of Mr. Wilson was then rejected by Yeas, 22 Nays, 25. Finally it was informally agreed, and the agreement attend fully and distinctly by the Chair, that the subject wanted fully and distinctly by the Chair, that the subject wanted fully and distinctly by the Chair, that the subject wanted fully and distinctly by the Chair, that the subject wanted fully and distinctly by the Chair, that the subject wanted fully and distinctly by the Chair, that the subject was a constitution of the fully and distinctly by the Chair, that the subject was a constitution of the subject with the subject was a constitution of the subject of a light-ship on wint-if quarter shoul, and for a light-for a light-ship on wint-if quarter shoul, and for a light-house on Block listand.

Mr. BINGHAM (Rep., O. Mo) asked leave to introduce a bill making it an offcuse p unishable with fine and mental previous and the country owed, deducting the cost of civil administration; third, the State and country distributed by the Fose Prade League.

Mr. DICKEY-(Rep., Fa.) ridicaled the pretentions and deductions, and because it had already been printed and widely circulated by the Fose Prade League.

Mr. DICKEY-(Rep., Fa.) ridicaled the pretentions of the support of the Chair standard of the full delications, and because it had already been printed and eductions, and because it had already been printed and widely circulated by the Fose Prade League.

Mr. DICKEY-(Rep., Fa.) ridicaled the pretentions of the Support of the Court of the United S

equal to all that it lost by the war, and nine fourteenths as much as the country had earned from the time of its settlement down to 1860. Statistics so false and illusory he would not vota to send to his constituents, and in voting against printing the report he did so without reference to lariff or arist-tariff ideas, as he was neither a tariff nor a free-trade man.

Mr. STEVENSON (Rep., Oblo) was in favor of its being printed, although he recognized that the report contained many errors.

printed, although he recognized that the report contained many errors.

Mr. PAINE (Rep., Wis.) presented a letter from James J. Hagerman of Milwaukee, showing the incorrectness of Mr. Wells's statement that pig-iron produced in the interior would, if the duty where wholly removed, be protected to the extent of the cost of freight at \$1.50 per tun per 459 miles of transportation.

Mr. LAFLIN (Rep., N. Y.) summed up and closed the debate, saying, among other things, the report called for the printing of 12,000 copies as against 20,000 copies of a like report for last year.

The resolution was then adopted without a division, and the House at \$4 adjourned.

AN ANTI-ERIE PETITION IN PATERSON. During the past week there has been extensively circulated in Paterson, by those professing to be oppressed by the alleged extertionate demands of the Eric Railway Company, a petition addressed to the State Legislature, setting forth as follows, viz.: That they are charged at the rate of \$2 06 per tun for the transportation charged at the rate of \$2 06 per tun for the transportation of freight between Paterson and Jersey City, \$1 of which amount is designated by the Company as being for terminal expenses, whereas the charters under which the Company is operating allow only a charge of 10 cents per mile, inclusive of unloading and removal; furthermore, that the distance being in all 164 miles, in which are embraced 24 miles of the Paterson and Ramapo R. R. Co., the legal charge in all is less then \$1 04 per tun, notwithstanding which the aforesaid sum of \$2 06 is domanded for every tun of freight transported between the two cities mentioned; that 50,000 tuns of freight are annually carried over this portion of the road, and that an imposition of \$50,000 a year is unjust, unlawful and unwarrantable; that no justification for such so-called terminal charges can be found in any of the charters under which the Eric Company are operating, and that petitioners, upon making complaint to said Company, are informed that they have their remedies at law; that no one person of however extended means can hope to contend against the said Gompany, and that no action under a against the said Gompany, and that no action under an apenal statute can remedy so great a grievance, for while said action is pending the Company may have obtained half a million dollars by the alleged unlawful imposition. Petitioners therefore ask that the leases of the said railways may either be repealed or so altered that no more than 2½ cents per mile may be charged for the transportation of passengers, that any taking of unlawful imposition for passengers, that any taking of unlawful toll be attended with a penalty of \$1,000, and that all passenger trains passing through the State be compelled to stop at the City of Paterson.

To this document were obtained the signatures of Mayor John Ryle of Paterson, George Carristic, President Van Riper Mig. Co.; the Phoenix, Dale, and Ryle Sik Mig. Co., sthe Rogers Logomotive and Machine Works, the Industrial Machine Works, Todd & of freight between Paterson and Jersey City, \$1 of which

The sixth and last lecture of the annual course given by the General Society of Mechanics and Tradesmen, was delivered last evening, at Steinway Hall, by the Rev. Dr. Noah D. Schenck of Brooklyn, upon "Names." The speaker naturally began with the well worn but apropos quotation, "What's in a Name!" and remarked that if Shakespeare had lived until the present day, he would have amended this derisive question with day, he would have amended this derisive question with repentant pen, for who will deny that there is something in names more than is lettered and syllabled? In fact, in the progress of ages, events are forgotten, and the dead past is sepulchred beneath the chiseled names that will remain for ever graveless. A name is always a sentiment, and the name "cabbage rose" is a sentiment, and the name "cabbage rose" is a mingling of sentiment and sauer kraut. The names that tower like Tenerife, glided to the peak with the sunshine of glory, stretch their shadows along the vista of time, and the man stat magni nominis umbra. What is Homer but poetry, and Angelo but art, and Shiney but chivalry! What is Howard but philanthropy, and Annold but treason, and Washington but partriotism is What a passion some people have for changing their names! I don't mean women—[laughter]—though it is something sublime to immolate a proud patronymic on the altar of love, as when Portia Pontifex marries Peter Pipes. Has any one a right to fasten an outlandish name on an unresisting infant, and call it Jezebel, for instance, or Noah! Why should not people be allowed to nominate themselves! Ought not Greeley to call himself Rienzi, the "last of the tribunes," rather than by the poetleal name of Horace! And how the political mountebank who holds revival meetings at Tammany on Sunday evenings would rejoice in the name of her infant, was horrifled to hear her hapless little daughter baptized Lucifer. repentant pen, for who will deny that there is something

LABOR MOVEMENTS. The strike of the Coopers of Williamsburgh The Plasterers of Brooklyn and their em-

ployers settled their differences amicably yesterday, and a strike was obviated. fell of No. 118 Ewen-st., Brooklyn, went on a strike yes-terday morning because of a reduction of two cents a pair on contract work, but resumed in the afternoon, the ob-jectionable work having been removed.

The Dry Goods-Clerks' Early-Closing Asso-ciation of Brooklyn last evening elected the fol-lowing Board of Officers: President, A. T. S. Anderson; Vice-President, M. J. Ryan; Recording Secretary, James O'Flaherty; Corresponding Secretary, John H. Todd; Fi-nancial Secretary, John McKinney; Treasurer, W. R. Jarman; Seargent-at-Arms, Dawniss F. Regan. A Com-mittee on Ways and Means was also appointed.

Union, last evening, it was announced that the strike at Steinway's plane-forte manufactory was still in progress, and that the firm had succeeded in working in a few men from the other departments in place of the strikers. It was decided at this meeting to allow the three belimen on strike at Bacon & Raven's establishment the same amount of strike money-\$15 a week-as was paid those in Steinway's shop, It will require about \$600 to pay these men their first weekly installment, iwhich sum is being raised by voluntary contributions.

BROOKLYN INTERNAL REVENUE RETURNS

The various banks, railroads, insurance, gas, and ferry companies, and places of amusement in Brooklyn, make returns for the month ending January 20, as

	Sectional Continues	Charles (6.00 h)	Dec to On the law tenters.	
	Mechanics' (deposits)		Br. & Rockway (re pts).	
	Mechanics' (dividend)		Br. C. & Newt'n (re'pt-)	10,7
	Mechanics' (p. over div.)		Suckett, H. & B. at (re)	1,0
	Nassau(dividend)		Bushwick-Ave. (re'pts).	4,4
	Nassan (p. over div.)	20,000	IRSURANCE COMPA	NIES.
	L. I. Savings (deposits).	35,647	Long Island (premium)	#6,9
	Nat. City (dividends)	15,789	Mechanics' (premium)	7.9
	Nat. City (profits)	34,578	Montank (premium)	5.2
	Central (dividends)		Nassan (premium)	4.4
	Central (capital)		Phonix (premium)	120,1
	Central (deposits)		Kings Co. (receipts)	4.1
	Dime Savings (deposits)		Williamsburgh (recipts).	23,6
	Brooklyn Sav. (deposits)	29,790		ENTS.
	Fulton (espital)		R. M. Hooley	¥6.5
	Brooklyn (capital)		Acad. Music (L. & S.)	1.0
	Brooklyn (deposits)	7115,000		4
	Brooklyn (circulation)	10.663	** ** (Y. R'nsorn)	
	Long Island (capital)		Park T. (Mrs. Conway)	11.4
	Long Island, (deposits)		Olympic (T L. Donnelly)	1.6
	Commercial (capital)		P. Fair Ground Asso	50
	Commercial (deposits)		A. Music (M. Maretzek)	4.8
	Dime Sav. E.D. (de'sits)	298.216	" (W.H.Lingard)	5
١	Kings Co. Sav. (de'sita)	347.368		
	W'hurgh Sav. (deposits)		Brooklyn (sales of coke)	#159.3
		15.514	(feet of igns)	
1	S. Brooklyn Sav. (de'rts)			
1	German S av. (deposita)	140,514	Citizens' (feet of gas)	12,682,6
1	RAILBOADS.	40.710	Flatbush (feet of gas)	355,5
J	Broadway (receipts)		Union (feet of gas)	
ł	Broadway (profits)		Williamsburgh (f. of g.)	
1	Brooklyn City (receipts)	100,690		****
j	South Sid e (receipts)		Crion	\$74,5
1	Great. & Newt'n (profits)	10,303	Bay Ridge	10.9
ı	Br. City & H. Point	no return	Greenpoint	
i	Prospect	no return	Houston st	9,5
1	Br., Bath & C. I (re'pts)	602		
п	100 C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C			

THE NORTH SHORE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND The North Side Railroad extension from Great Neck, its present terminus, to Huntington, L. I., is again receiving attention from capitalists on the north side of the Island. Surveyors have gone over the route, looking more particularly at Barren Beach. It is not improba-ble that the capitalists of Roslyn, Glenwood and Glen Cove may shortly have an opportunity to induce the directors to extend the road to their village. It is thought that the road will be built in the next two years. At any rate the track is to be laid at once to Great Neck, and the extension to Huntington must speedily follow.

WEST FARMS TAXES.

The recent agitation of the subject of taxes in West Farms has led to much comment. The rate levied is said to be seven per cent, including the assess ments for Madison and Berrian-aves.; excluding these, it is said the rate will be a fraction over five and one-half per cent. The statements made upon the subject have ied some of the New-York journals to comment severely upon the excessive taxation which the people of West Farms have to endure. It is a matter of surprise that in all the statements made so far as known to us, the rate of percentage alone is referred to, and no inquiry or reference is made in regard to the rate of valuation assessed. The truth is, that the excessive rate so much commented on arises solely from excessively-low valuations. If the valuations is West Farms for taxation were in the same ratio to the true value as the assessments in New-York, the taxes for the year 1822 would be very largely less than in New-York. As the statements that have been made convey an impression entirely erroneous and injurious to the town and its excelit, we hope the city journal referred to will explain the error they were led into by presuming the very high rate to be upon a fair valuation assessed. We are happy to be able to state that West Farms is in upon the excessive taxation which the people of West will explain the error they were led into by preauming the very high rate to be upon a fair valuation assessed. We are happy to be able to state that West Farms is in no present danger from any want of ability of being mo-able to neet all the demands which are likely to be made upon her, with the existing watenfulness in regard to taxation, even allowing for a liberal amount of extrava-gace and unwise expenditures.

[Westchester Times, Jan. 14.

At an election for officers of the Atlantic and Pacific Telegraph Company, held yesterday at their office, Nos. 31 and 33 Broadway, Arthur F. Willmarth was chosen President, Wm. H. Gulon and John Duff, Vice-Presidents, and Alfred Nelson, Treasurer and Secretary, Messrs. John Dillon, John H. Mortimer, Wm. D. Snow, James Hrooks, Roland G. Hazard, and E. H. Van Kleech were chosen the Executive Committee.

NEW-YORK DAILY TRIBUNE, FRIDAY, JANUARY 21, 1870. HOME NEWS.

THE WEATHER.

NEW-YORK, Heer. Ther. Bar. Wind. Hoor. Ther. Bar. Wind. Jan. 20-7 227 30.37 N.W. 6 409 20.18 S.W. 12 419 30.25 W.S.W. 9 30 50.17 S.W. 5 429 50.17 S.W. 5 50 50.19 S.W. 5

THE CITY.

The American Dramatic Fund Ball, announced to take place on the 25th inst., has been post-poned "to a more auspleious opportunity," in the fear that it would "prove a failure and loss to the fand."

The several batteries of the First Division will until further orders hold weekly drills in the drill-rooms in the arsenal corner Elm and Whitesta, as fol-lows: Battery B. Monday evening; C. Tuesday evening; G. Wednesday evening; and K. Thursday evening.

A lecture was delivered last evening by Mr.

A lecture was delivered has evening as C. Sanders, at the Amity Baptist Church, Fifty-fourth, near Eighth-ave. Subject: "Air and Breathing," periments explanatory of the subject, with appa us, were made by the lecturer, who was listened to conghout with the deepest attention by a large and ap-

The monthly meeting of the Western Branch f the Young Men's Christain Association was held last

The reception of the Association of Painters

The reception of the Association of Fauncian Water Colors, held at the Academy of Design, last night, was well attended, and was alterether one of the pleasantest reunions of the season. The main feature of the occasion was the fine collection of water-color pulntings recently added to the treasures of the Academy of Design. They are about 300 in number, and occupy the north room of the Academy. The catalogue is not yet prepared, but will be ready in a few days.

Coroner Flynn yesterday concluded the inves-

The ladies of the First Reformed Fresoy-terian Church and Sabbath-school gave their annual tea-party last evening, at their church in Twelfth-st. The exercises of the evening were opened with prayer and a short address by the Rev. Dr. Parker, after which he congregation were addressed by the Rev. Dr. Merkeie, and the Rev. Dr. Briggs. During the evening Mr. Wim. Parr, the teacher of the Bibble-class, was presented with four beautifully bound volumes by the pastor, in behalf of the pupils of the class. Declamations, dialogues, and singing, by the children of the Sabbath-school, were next on the programme, after which the refreshments claimed the attention of the assemblage.

The Fifty-third Anniversary of the organiza-

Thirty-first-st. The building was filled with the teachers and pupils of the school, their parents and friends. The exercises included music on the organ, prayer and reading of the Scriptures, singing of hymns by the children, and addresses by the pastor of the church, the Rev. J. F. Elder, and the Rev. Stephen H. Tyng, fr. After the conclusion of the stated exercises gifts of books were distributed to the children, who were afterward regaled with fruit and cakes from the well-provided tables set out in the lecture-room below.

BROOKLYN .- William Wilson was yester-

day held by Justice Voorbees to await the action of the Grand Jury on the charge of biting off a finger of Wm. Monks, an employé at the Roosevelt-st. ferry.

Charles Favar, aged 29, of East New-York, fell yesterday from the roof of the new public school building corner of Johnson and Duffield-sts., a distance af 60 feet, sustaining fractures of both legs and other

The examination of the Jones-Goodrich con-

The examination of the Johns-Goodards contested election case. Vth Assembly District, was resumed before Mayor Kalbfleisch yesterday. One hundred and cighty-five voters have now testified to having voted for Mr. Goodrich at the poil of the Hid District, Twentieth Ward, where he was credited with only 159 votes. The examination will be continued on Saturday.

FLUSHING.-The largest and most enthusiastic

SAG HARBOR, L. I .- At the annual election of

CAM HARDMR, 12. 1.—At the allitude election of Phonti Hook and Ladder Company, the following named officers were elected for the enuing year: Foreman, I. L. Sherman, Assistant Foreman, Isaac Moth; Secretary, H. T. Garaghau, Treasurer, S. Brows, ... The Sons of Temperince have leased Washington Hall, and are faing it up for their up.

WHITE PLAINS.—The proceedings before Surrogar Mills in the Gates will case were continued vestgrably but after the

TARRYTOWN .- At the Baptist and Washington-

SING SING.-The following-named gentlemen have been elected officers of the Library Club: President, A node: Vice-President, C. B. Palmer; Secretary, Frank Underted urer, Lance B. Naton.

HOBOKEN.—John O'Donnell, Assistant Engineer

HOBOKEN.—John O'Donnell, Assistant Engineer of the Fire Department, has received the intrinsia commutation of the Fire Companies in the sity for the position of Clord Regioner.

JERSEY CITY.—The mombers of Enterprise Ledge No. 48. F.A. M., eater pleasantly surprised less tight, at their half in the Y. M. C. A. Indiding, by a large party of lades. Grand Master Bores gave the visions a contents and cordial celonae, and promised them, in the name of the brethren, a pleasant except, which promise was fully crafted. The party adjointed to Paylor's Hateland End support. After which there was name and sharing until a late hour. A cheese class has been organised here. C.-J. di Crane is its President. The Hase. Robert Glieffrish was commuted by the George and Confirmed by the Senate yesteeday as Attorney-George to the datase of New-Jersey, to fill the vacance cancel by the resignation of the Hon. George M. Roberton, now Secretary of the Navy. Mr. Glichrist had been acting as Attorney-George profits.

HUDSON CITY.—In the Suppreme Court in session year-clay, a verified gas entered by council of council for \$11,500 against the Eric Halfway Company, als. Won H. Wonds. The data.

injuries. He is not expected to live.

that the names of witnesses against criminals, originally inserted in sub-pense based by the Hudson County Court, of Sessions, have been fre-quently stated from them, and those of -other-parties, who know nothing about the state about which they are called spon to testify, massivel in the places. By this device several criminals have almost escaped con-vertion, for want of explence against them. The Grand Jury will inquire

to repeal the act incorporating the map and the control of the property of the Newark Library. President, William A. Whitehead: Vice-President, Beech Vanderpaul; Secretary and Treasurer, Charles T. Gray... The Rev. C. B. Hurburst was installed Pastor of the Belleville-ave, Congregational Church, on Wednesday evening. The Rev. Dr. J. K. Bankin of Washington preached the changers aeronon... On Tuesday night five boys between the ages of eight and 13 years, while playing in a freight ear, were accidentally incided up by the brakeman, he was not apprised of their confinement till the train arrived at Moumonth Junction, when the boys were libertated. The youths then utarted to walk to Newark, and reached New Brunswick at 1 o'clock yesterday morning, much futigued. They were taken in charge by the Police, and the Chief secured them a passage on the 13t train preserday. The Board of Assistant Aldermen, yesterday, An unknown man was found dead in the base-ment of No. 220 Chrystlest., yesterday morning. The body was removed to the Morgue.

body was removed to the Morgue.

The losses sustained by the Security Fire Insurance Company of New-York by the great fire at Indianapolis on Monday amount to only \$13,000.

The elegant firm of "Colleens & Co." (not Collins & Co.) is looked for by an officer, who desires to recover \$110. of which sum the firm is charged to have defranded a Mr. Edmund Case of Hartford, Conn. death in a few hours.

PATERSON.—The house and premises of Joseph Wyhle of Wynockie, the father of the missing children, have been rearched, after the country had been thoroughly scoured for miles around it is now supposed that the children must have been stolen. A furious or collected the monotony of Main at, yesterday, but did no damage.

John Asher, a German, of No. 422 East Four-teenth-st., yesterday leaped from the front platform of car No. 122 of the Belt Line, near the South Ferry, fell be-neath the wheel, which passed over his ankle, crushing it badly. The apartments of Thomas Dillon, on the second floor of the tenement, No. 396 East Thirty-second-st., was damaged by fire, yesterday, to the amount of \$290; insured. The building was damaged \$190. The fire was caused by children playing with matches.

THE ORANGE COUNTY MURDER.

Irving Hall was crowded last evening to its utmost capacity by the members of Troop H, 3d Regiment Cavairy, and their guests, assembled at the Twenty-fourth Annual Bail. There was good music and a bountiful and well-served supper. The company dispersed at a late hour well satisfied with their enjoyable evening. MURDER OF ALEXANDER SWINTON-THE SENTENCE-REMARKS OF THE PRISONER.

The case of Warren Fellows, on trial at Gohen for the murder of Alexander Swinton, at Port Jervis, in August last, was brought to a close yesterday, and resulted in the conviction of the prisoner, and his sen tence to 20 years' imprisonment. The Court reconvened on Wednesday night at 3 o'clock, and at 11 the jury rebers, intend giving a grand ball and reception at the Academy of Music on the 8th of February. The prepar-ations for it are being made upon an extensive scale, and the committees anticipate a grand success. The sale of boxes has commenced, and will close to-morrow evening at the regimental armory. turned to the court-room, and the prisoner was again rought in. Mr. Nathan Van Sickle, the foreman, asked the Court whether it was in their province to bring in verdict for any offense between that of murder in the first degree, and manslaughter in the third. The Judge ead to them the statutes bearing upon the case, explain-The monthly meeting of the Western Branch of the Young Men's Christain Association was held last evening at the rooms of the Association in Eighth-ave, President Stebbins in the chair. Favorable reports were received from the Membership, Idbrary, Church, Boarding, house, and Devotional Committees. An instructive address was delivered by the Rev. Mr. Palge, and an assay read by Mr. Profit. ing their application. The jury then retired again for

THE VERDICT.

This morning at 7:40, the jury having previously sent word to the Judge that they had agreed, reëntered the court-room, after an absence of over 13 hours. The prisoner was brought in and seated in his old place beside the reporters' table. The foreman of the jury then anounced: "We find the prisoner guilty of murder in the second degree." The jury were then polled, and each answered separately that that was his verdict. Fellows received the verdict with calmness, his head fell forward and his eyes were stendily fixed upon the floor. The Court then aunounced that he would sentence the prisoner at 9 o'clock, to which time Court adjourned.

HOW THE VERDICT WAS ARRIVED AT.

Court then announced that he would sentence the prisoner at 9 o'clock, to which time Court adjourned.

HOW THE VERDICT WAS ARRIVED AT.

THE TRIBUNE reporter learned from good authority that when the jury first retired two were in favor of acquittal, three for manslughter in the third degree, and seven for mirder in the first degree. At a later period eight stood for conviction of murder in the first degree, and four for manslaughter in the third degree. The difference of opinion was finally reconciled, and murder in the second degree was decided upon. This verdict is received with satisfaction, and its justness is almost universally admitted. Throughout the whole of the trial the people have been very sympathetic, and kindly disposed toward the prisoner and his frequent escapades and ebulitions of hot blood have been lemently treated by his acquaintances.

THE SENTENCE.

The Court reassembled at 9 o'clock, and the prisoner was brought in to receive his sentence. In answer to the Judge's question whether he had anything to say, he replied, "Nothing, except that I am innocent. I know nothing about the offense any more than the babe unborn. I never had any enmity against Mr. Swinton, or any of his people. I may have passed by there, but never had any words with him, or anything of the kind." The Court then asked if the counsel had anything to say, and Judge Gedney replied that he desired to correct the impression that had gone abroad that the prisoner was a man of means. He had only about \$1,000 when the trial commenced; that he had not used considerable sums of money in this case; finally, that he had a child about three years old.

Judge Tappen then pronounced the following sentence: Mrs. Laura C. Holloway is to lecture on Charlotte Bronte at Cooper Institute on Wednesday evening
next. Yesterday she gave a private rehearsal in the
large hall of the Cooper Union. Mrs. Holloway comes to
the city almost a stranger, but her prospects of success
are good. She has an expressive countenance and a
pleasant voice, which grows clearer and more flexible as
she advances in her discourse. The lecture is well writ-

Shortly before 2 a. m. yesterday, a fire ocurred in the one-story frame building at No. 1914 Lauens-st. occupied by a German shoemaker. That, and in three adjoining buildings, of the same character, ere burned out. No. 191 was occupied by Mrs. Lena ratt as a grocery. Loss, \$1,900; insured for \$500. No. 3 was occupied by William Parsons as a policy show.

affords them against accommitting crimes that will consign them to the felou's cell. You have arrived at the age of 41 years—just in the prime of life. It is competent for this Court to say that you must spend the entire balance of your life within the walls of the State's Prison. And yet to do that would be almost to extinguish hope, and while man lives hope about survive in him. The poulshment will be as full if meted out for a specific period, and yet so that should you survive the term you may return to society and become a better member of it than you heretofore have been. Should you live to fill out the term of your imprisonment, you will be a gray-baired man, probably dependent upon your friends for maintenance 'and support in your fill you have been so call for the lesser grade of punishment, the same. The offense does not call for the lesser grade of punishment, the wold not be just to the people of this State, or in accordance with the duty of the Court in tollowing up that remite which has been presonenced. The Court has therefore come to this conclusion, which I might state is manimous, that you shall be imprisoned in the State's Prison at Sing Sing, at hard labor, for the term of twenty years.

After the sentence was pronounced the prisoner was removed, and the Court adjourned.

THE AMERICAN INSTITUTE.

out in the lecture-room below.

Yesterday's lecture by Mrs. Walter C. Lyman in the lecture-room of the Rev. Dr. Chapin's Church, was probably the most interesting and best explained of the course. The subject was "Circulation and Nervous System—influence of Mind over Body." The lecturer showed how close study and application of the mind without proper bodily exercise must result in the total destruction of health, and argued that mental development without the bodily strength to execute its part is only a ttorture to the student, inasmuch as it shows a career of usefulness without the possibility to act in it. "Circulation" was also thorough explained. The lecture to-day and to-morrow will be on "Diseases of Women and Children" and "Motherhood," and are exclusively for women. The following names were presented by the Nominating Committee of the American Institute at the annual meeting for the nomination of officers last night: President—Horace Greeley; Vice-Presidents—Dudley S. Gregory, Charles P. Daly, N. C. Ely; Recording Secretary-C. W. Hull; Corresponding Secretary-Samuel D. Tillman; Treasurer-Sylvester R. Comstock; Managers of the Fair-William II. Butler, Orestes Cleveland, Wm. Hall, J. Groshen Herriot, J. T. Smith, Wm. S. Carpenter, George Timpson, F. H. ISnyder, James Knight, and Is others; Committee on Admission of Members—Charles E. Burd, James H. Drake, John W. Chambers, J. Owen Rouse, and S. R. Krom; on Finance—Adriance, Williams, Lamater, Chamberlain, and Baldwin; Library—Campbell, Hubbard, Disturnell, Towle, and Houghton; Repository—Wheaton, Butler, Newton, Howell, Funchtwanger; Machinery—Babecok, Towle, Stetson, Dudgeon, Jones; Chemistry, &c.—Joy, Preterre, Parmelee, Newberry, and Van der Weyde: Optical Science—Gavit, Rich, Frey, Munn, Jackson; Engineering, &c.—MeAlpine, Hatfield, Eldlitz, McElroy, Renwick; Agriculture—Quin, Todd, Ely, Crane, Macy; Horticulture—Carpenter, Henderson, Buchauan, Hogg, Townsend; Commerce—Disturnell, Squier, Smith, Sackett, and Preterre.

Immediately after the adjournment an informal meeting was held, at which another ticket was presented, differing very little from that of the Nominating Committee. Hall, J. Groshen Herriot, J. T. Smith, Wm. S. Carpenter. examination will be continued on Saturday.

A meeting of the Crystal Fount Division, Sons of Temperance, No. 20, was held at the hall, No. 274 Cumberland-st., last evening. The exercises included vocal and instrumental music, speaking, and the interasting ceremonies of the initiation of new members. The presiding officer introduced Mr. Edwin L. Branch of the Providence (R. I.) Division Sons of Temperance No. 2, and Superintendent of the Wide-Awake Temple of Honor, who made a foreible address. Of HOHOT, Who made a forcible address.

HUNTER'S POINT.—Upon the recommendation of Commissioner Delane, U. S. Assessor Win. R. Commings has called a meeting of the Assistant Assessors of the First District, to be held at this place on the Fifth inst., for the purpose of consultation and receiving instructions for the collection of the income tax, &c., for 1999. Timothy M. Griffin of Patchedge has been appointed U. S. Assistant Assessor, vice G. C. Cambell, resigned.

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DEPARTURE OF FOREIGN MAILS.

Mails for South Pacific, Central America, &c., by the Alaaka, close at the General Post-Office at 10 a. m.
Mails for Europe via Southampton and Bremen, per steamship Union, from Hoboken, close at Post-Office at 11:30 a. m. Steamship sails at 2 p. m. Supplementary Mail for paid letters only, made up on Bremen Mails for Frame via Hayre and Brest, per steamship Lafavette, Pier No. 50, N. H., close at the General Post-Office at 7 a. m. No Sup-

PASSENGERS ARRIVED. FROM RIO JANEIRO, &c., Jan. 20—In steamship South America-Prom Rio Janetus—Gen. A. Marshail, Robert W. Major, Wus. Lerch, L. F. Du Fourey, Gottfried Maim, Frank Remmell, Albert Williamson, J.

T. Gerhard. From St. Thomas—Hop. Jose T. De Paul, I potentiary from Venezuela; Capt. L. Leslie. Capt. J. Field, Hom. F. Griding, and wife. Raillie. Warran. S. G. Barber, Mr. Hickmar, Wn. Baker. Fields. I AlV REPOOL.—In steamely City of Briochtysen and wife. J. T. Rigley, J. G. Dunger, Mrs. W. T. Gould, J. Dougae. Mins. J. Heath, J. Fegges, A. H. Levin, J. Moore, Mrs. Golder, and two children, J. T. Mitchell, man. A. B. Adams, M. Juckep, J. P. Chemon, Capt. Bry bert, Master Gilbert, J. Dickey, Hist. G. Willer.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Calabria, McMickan, Liverpool Jan. 8, and Queenstows 9. Steamship Canada America, Tinklepangh, Rio Janeiro Der. 25, Bahia, Steamship South America, Tinklepangh, Rio Janeiro Der. 25, Bahia, Stambhinou Jist, Jan. 6, and St. Thomas 14th, moins and pass. Left in port at Permanduce brig Echo, Terhane, for Buildinere Jan. 5, In Para, self-Relieser C. Lane, from New-York, artived in 25 days. Steamship City of Brooklyn, Brooks, Liverpool Jan. 6, Queenstown

and pass. ambity farac Rell, Bourne, Richmond, City Poist, and Norfolk

Sehr. Chara Jane, McIntyre, St. John, N. B., imaber,
Schr. Catlata, Brown, Rockinsh, hoss.
Schr. B. F. Halles, Corrigan, Providence, fich.
Schr. Bibe, B. F. Smith, Parker, Rockhand, Junteer.
Schr. White Svan Collins, Cabias, plaster.
WIND—Sundown, E.S.E., light, clear.
Schrowhite Svan Collins, Cabias, plaster.
WIND—Sundown, E.S.E., light, clear.
Schrowhite Schrowhite, Schrowh

J. C. Thompson, Boston. Pasine, Brookhaven. P. S. C. Venght, Brookhaven, Nean, Seg Harbor. J. S. Wade, Port Jefferson. Canderells, Port Jefferson. SAILED. poof; Eagle, Hurana; Fab Kee, Bermode Saragogas and Tenuessee, Charleston.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

Boston, Jan. 20.—Arrived, brig Resue, Sierre

FOREIGN PORTS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 17.—Arrived, ship Parliament from Valparaleo. SAN PRANCISCO, Jan. 17.
Salied, Nouveau Mondelle.
Horschutt, Dec. 24.—Salied, ship Magnet, for New Bedford, 16th,
Alara, for San Francisco.
HAVANA, Jan. 20.—The steamships Columbia and City of Mexico, from

DISASTERS. DISASTERS.

Montta, Jan 20.—The American ship Mermaid, Capt. Coward, was cleared for Penkounk on the 14th that by R. J. Ingersell & Co., and went ashore on the west bank of the outer bar, resterday morning. Efforts to get her of failed but it is hoped. She will be reached.

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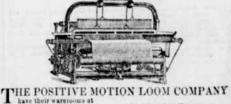
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